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Market Ethos

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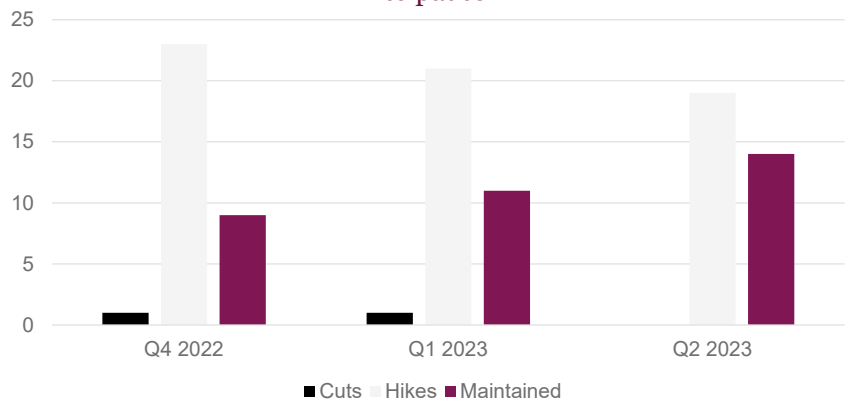
Derek Benedet

Special FX

At the beginning of the year most strategists expected a couple things: recession to soon materialize and the Fed to stop hiking, pivot mid-year, and then aggressively cut in the second half leading to U.S. dollar weakness. None of that really materialized, except the U.S. dollar peaking last fall. The U.S. dollar index (DXY) is now down -11.8% from the peak and down -3.6% from the beginning of June. The DXY index also briefly dipped below 100 this week, breaking through support and well below key moving averages.

So, is the dollar depreciating, or are other major currencies just appreciating? Most G10 currencies have been rather strong recently. And it's precisely these currencies that the U.S. dollar gained a lot of ground on when the Fed began aggressively tightening, compared to other banks. With the pause, and perhaps one more hike left, other central banks that started a little later are catching up. Divergences in central bank paths are budding. This is big, as not every global central bank is moving in lockstep with the Fed (BoC may be an exception). The pace of global central bank hiking is beginning to slow as more are beginning to pause, detailed in the chart below. Looking out, we'd expect this trend to continue as the market is expecting the Fed to pivot in the next 12 months. With U.S. rates at or near the peak, this only reinforces the fact that we've likely seen the peak dollar for this cycle.

**Pace of global central bank hiking is beginning to slow
divergences are growing with nearly as many beginning
to pause**



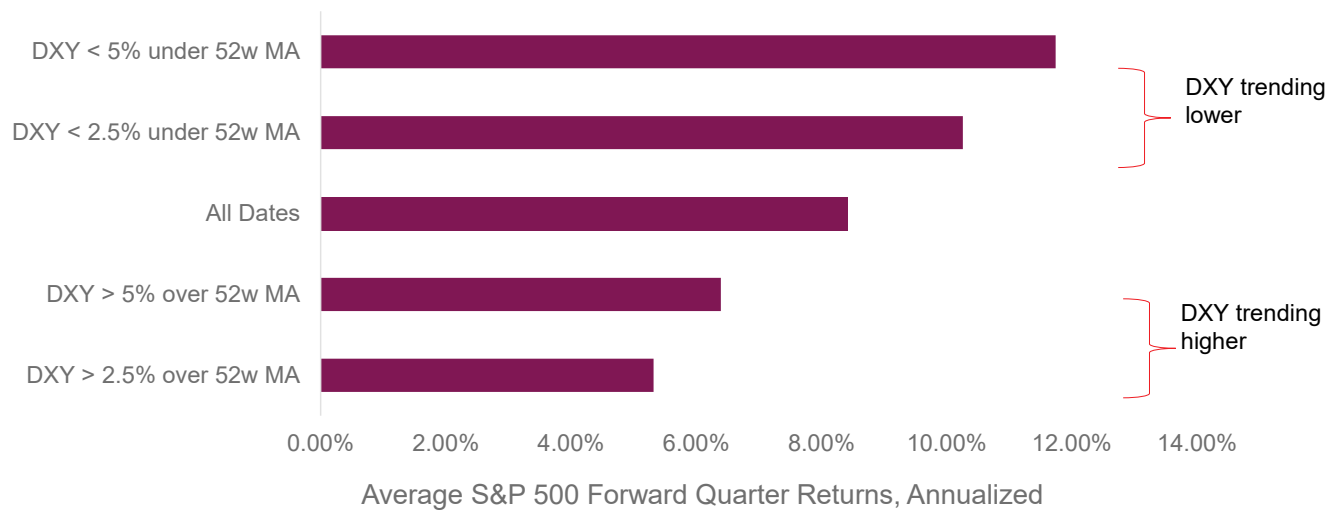
Source: Bloomberg, Purose Investments

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Drivers of U.S. dollar strength historically are relative growth, rate differentials and demand for the dollar as a “safe haven” asset. Rate differentials are narrowing and it’s easy to see just looking at the performance of the S&P 500 or NASDAQ that we’re in a risk-on environment. Market volatility is low, so there is little appeal for “safe haven” protection.

The implications of a longer-term cyclical dollar bear cycle are complex, but the most direct beneficiaries are commodities, most notably gold, emerging markets and risk-on currencies such as the Canadian dollar. One other spin-off effect is the impact on corporate earnings. Many of the largest U.S. companies generate a lot of revenue outside of the United States. A falling dollar tends to boost earning. Historically, the S&P 500 tends to do better when the U.S. dollar index is declining. Looking back to 1980, when the U.S. dollar index was more than 5% below its 52-week moving average, the average look forward quarterly return annualized is 11.74%, compared to an all-time average of 8.42%. In contrast, when the DXY is more than 5% above its 52-week moving average, forward returns are just 6.39%. It’s a small tailwind, but worth keeping in mind. Interestingly, the U.S. tech sector, which derives a substantial portion of its revenue from outside the U.S., could benefit from this relationship.

S&P 500 returns differ depending on dollar trend (Weekly data 1980-2023)

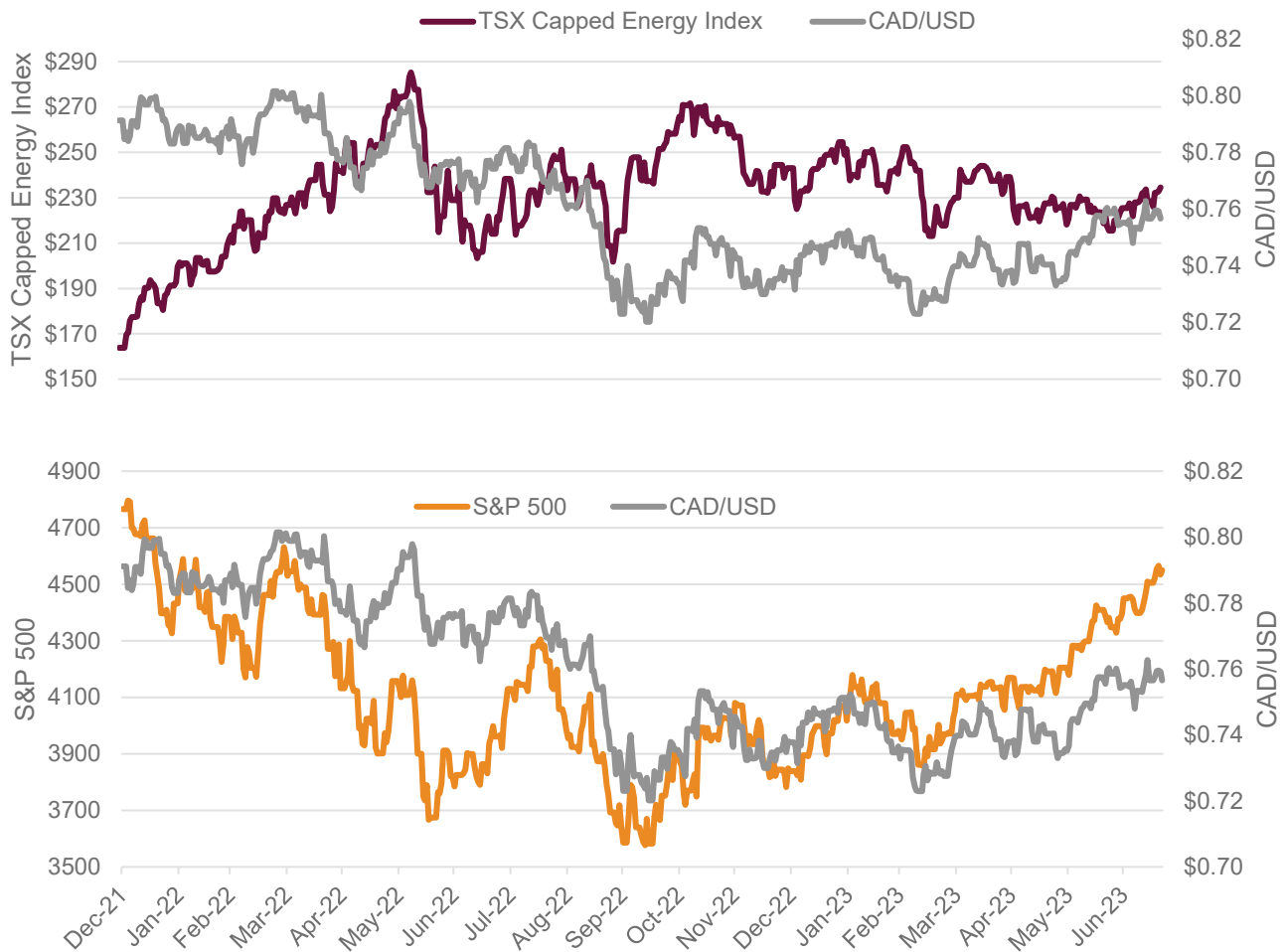


Source: Bloomberg, Purpose Investments

Canadian dollar

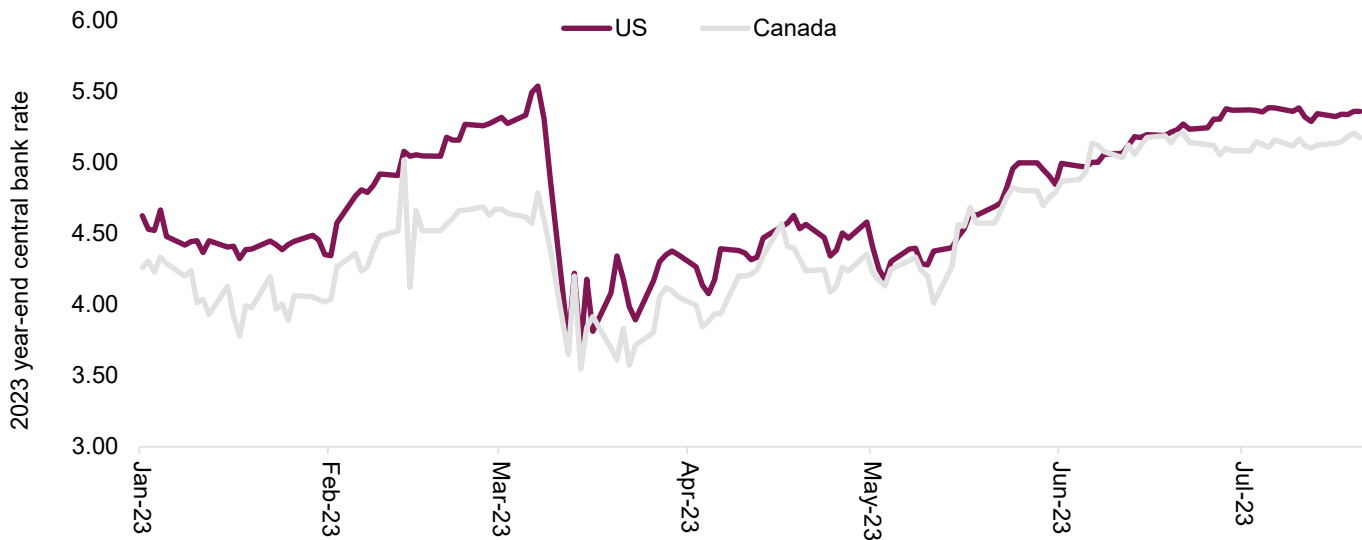
Global currency trends are interesting, but what’s most important to Canadians is the loonie. And rightfully so! Risk is back on. And risk on currencies like the Canadian dollar have been getting bid back up. WTI is in a stubborn range below \$80/bbl however oil prices are no longer falling, and we’re beginning to see some green shoots for the black barrels. With the combination of renewed risk appetite and at least some consolidation in the commodity complex, this could help entrench a moderately bullish trend on the Canadian dollar as we head into the second half of the year.

Risk appetite, and commodity prices have always been a relevant driver for the loonie



Yield divergence between Canada's 2-year yield and the U.S. is just 20 bps after blowing out to as much as 77 bps in March. Yield differentials have historically been a key driver but the yield-driven case in support of the Canadian dollar lost appeal earlier this year. It has certainly come back with the recent U-turn by the Bank of Canada, which revised a bullish trend for the Loonie. While the market isn't currently expecting more rate hikes, the BoC has kept the door open. In addition, Canada's economy is proving more resilient than expected this year. The surprise pickup in housing is a big difference-maker, especially since it's one of the largest risks for the country and at least it doesn't appear to be getting worse. In terms of the future path, the implied year-end central bank rate for both Canada and the U.S. remains pretty close. We'll have to wait and see which central bank blinks first.

Implied year-end central bank rates pretty close for both Canada and the U.S.



Source: Bloomberg, Implied central bank rates, Purpose Investments

Longer-term considerations like valuation measures such as purchasing power parity show that the Canadian dollar is moderately underpriced relative the U.S. dollar. At a current 7% discount to the greenback, it's hard to have a firm view one way or the other. For now, shorter-term drivers will remain behind the wheel.

Technically, the Canadian dollar at \$0.7567 CAD/USD is right at the top-end of the narrow range between \$0.76 and \$0.72 that's been in place since last September. Momentum is not terribly stretched, and the recent trend has been higher. The recent move above prior peaks around \$0.75 is encouraging for the current trend to remain. Since March it has consistently been making higher highs and higher lows which is indicative of a solid medium-term bullish trend.

Final thoughts

It's worth remembering that the Canadian dollar is also a U.S. dollar proxy globally. Our economies are incredibly intertwined. If you expect a cyclical weakening of the U.S. currency to remain in 2023, that also probably means that the Canadian dollar may be exposed versus other international currencies (even with possible outperformance) versus the greenback. With that in mind, we strongly recommend remaining unhedged versus international currencies.

In terms of managing portfolios, currency considerations mainly have to do with whether to hedge or not to hedge. Our preference is to typically leave U.S. dollar exposure unhedged unless the Canadian dollar becomes so undervalued or technically oversold that hedging at least some U.S. exposure become an easy decision to make. At 76 cents, the loonie isn't extreme enough for us to get excited about in either direction. If it gets to 80, remove any hedges and start doing some cross border shopping. If it gets down to 70 or 71, hedging becomes a much easier decision. Given markets continue to run with risk-on sentiment escalating, we think having some U.S. exposure makes sense, should things reverse. Though peak U.S. dollar may be in the rearview mirror, and global growth expectations have improved any signs of recession, Growth slowdown can see risk appetite sour quickly. It's precisely at these times that "safe haven" currencies like the U.S. dollar tend to prove their true value.

Source: Charts are sourced to Bloomberg L.P., Purpose Investments Inc., and Richardson Wealth unless otherwise noted.

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*This report is authored by Craig Basinger, Chief Market Strategist at Purpose Investments Inc. Effective September 1, 2021, Craig Basinger has transitioned to Purpose Investments Inc.

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